§ 361.11

§ 361.11 Withholding of funds.

- (a) Basis for withholding. The Secretary may withhold or limit payments under section 111, 124, or 632(a) of the Act, as provided by section 107 (c) and (d) of the Act, if the Secretary determines that—
- (1) The State plan, including the supported employment supplement, has been so changed that it no longer conforms with the requirements of this part or 34 CFR part 363; or
- (2) In the administration of the State plan, there has been a failure to comply substantially with any provision of that plan or a program improvement plan established in accordance with section 106 of the Act.
- (b) Informal resolution. Prior to withholding or limiting payments in accordance with this section, the Secretary attempts to resolve disputed issues informally with State officials.
- (c) *Notice.* If, after reasonable effort has been made to resolve the dispute, no resolution has been reached, the Secretary provides notice to the State agency of the intention to withhold or limit payments and of the opportunity for a hearing.
- (d) Withholding hearing. If the State agency requests a hearing, the Secretary designates one or more individuals, either from the Department or elsewhere, not responsible for or connected with the administration of this program, to conduct a hearing in accordance with the provisions of 34 CFR part 81, subpart A.
- (e) *Initial decision*. The hearing officer issues an initial decision in accordance with 34 CFR 81.41.
- (f) Petition for review of an initial decision. The State agency may seek the Secretary's review of the initial decision in accordance with 34 CFR 81.42.
- (g) Review by the Secretary. The Secretary reviews the initial decision in accordance with 34 CFR 81.43.
- (h) Final decision of the Department. The final decision of the Department is made in accordance with 34 CFR 81.44
- (i) Judicial review. A State may appeal the Secretary's decision to withhold or limit payments by filing a petition for review with the U.S. Court of Appeals for the circuit in which the

State is located, in accordance with section 107(d) of the Act.

(Authority: Secs. 101(b), 107(c), and 107(d) of the Act; 29 U.S.C. 721(b), 727(c)(1) and (2), and 727(d))

STATE PLAN CONTENT: ADMINISTRATION

§361.12 Methods of administration.

The State plan must assure that the State agency, and the designated State unit if applicable, employs methods of administration found necessary by the Secretary for the proper and efficient administration of the plan and for carrying out all functions for which the State is responsible under the plan and this part. These methods must include procedures to ensure accurate data collection and financial accountability.

(Authority: Sec. 101(a)(6) of the Act; 29 U.S.C. 721(a)(6))

§ 361.13 State agency for administration.

- (a) Designation of State agency. The State plan must designate a State agency as the sole State agency to administer the State plan, or to supervise its administration in a political subdivision of the State by a sole local agency, in accordance with the following requirements:
- (1) General. Except as provided in paragraphs (a) (2) and (3) of this section, the State plan must provide that the designated State agency is one of the following types of agencies:
- (i) A State agency that is an independent State commission, board, or other agency that has as its major function vocational rehabilitation or vocational and other rehabilitation of individuals with disabilities.
- (ii) The State agency administering or supervising the administration of education or vocational education in the State, provided that it includes a vocational rehabilitation unit as provided in paragraph (b) of this section.
- (iii) A State agency that includes a vocational rehabilitation unit, as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, and at least two other major organizational units, each of which administers one or more of the State's major programs of public education, public health, public welfare, or labor.

- (2) American Samoa. In the case of American Samoa, the State plan must designate the Governor.
- (3) Designated State agency for individuals who are blind. If a State commission or other agency that provides assistance or services to individuals who are blind is authorized under State law to provide vocational rehabilitation services to individuals who are blind, and this commission or agency is primarily concerned with vocational rehabilitation or includes a vocational rehabilitation unit as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, the State plan may designate that agency as the sole State agency to administer the part of the plan under which vocational rehabilitation services are provided for individuals who are blind or to supervise its administration in a political subdivision of the State by a sole local
- (b) Designation of State unit. (1) If the designated State agency is of the type specified in paragraph (a)(1)(ii) or (a)(1)(iii) of this section, or if the designated State agency specified in paragraph (a)(3) of this section does not have as its major function vocational rehabilitation or vocational and other rehabilitation of individuals with disabilities, the State plan must assure that the agency (or each agency if two agencies are designated) includes a vocational rehabilitation bureau, division, or unit that—
- (i) Is primarily concerned with vocational rehabilitation or vocational and other rehabilitation of individuals with disabilities and is responsible for the administration of the State agency's vocational rehabilitation program under the State plan, including those responsibilities specified in paragraph (c) of this section;
 - (ii) Has a full-time director;
- (iii) Has a staff, at least 90 percent of whom are employed full time on the rehabilitation work of the organizational unit; and
- (iv) Is located at an organizational level and has an organizational status within the State agency comparable to that of other major organizational units of the agency or, in the case of an agency described in paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of this section, is so located and has

- that status or has a director who is the executive officer of the State agency.
- (2) In the case of a State that has not designated a separate State agency for individuals who are blind, as provided for in paragraph (a)(3) of this section, the State may assign responsibility for the part of the plan under which vocational rehabilitation services are provided to individuals who are blind to one organizational unit of the designated State agency and may assign responsibility for the rest of the plan to another organizational unit of the designated State agency, with the provisions of paragraph (b)(1) of this section applying separately to each of these units.
- (c) Responsibility for administration. (1) The State plan must assure that, at a minimum, the following activities are the responsibility of the designated State unit or the sole local agency under the supervision of the State unit:
- (i) All decisions affecting eligibility for vocational rehabilitation services, the nature and scope of available services, and the provision of these services.
- (ii) The determination that an individual has achieved an employment outcome under § 361.56.
- (iii) Policy formulation and implementation.
- (iv) The allocation and expenditure of vocational rehabilitation funds.
- (2) This responsibility may not be delegated to any other agency or individual.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1820–0500)

(Authority: Sec. 101(a)(1) and 101(a)(2) of the Act; 29 U.S.C. 721(a)(1) and 721(a)(2))

§361.14 Substitute State agency.

- (a) General provisions. (1) If the Secretary has withheld all funding from a State under §361.11, the State may designate another agency to substitute for the designated State agency in carrying out the State's program of vocational rehabilitation services.
- (2) Any public or nonprofit private organization or agency within the State or any political subdivision of the State is eligible to be a substitute agency.